Thermostable Inorganic Pyrophosphatase

Supplied in: 100 mM KCl, 20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol and 50% glycerol.

Unit Definition: One unit is the amount of enzyme that will generate 1 µmol of phosphate per minute from inorganic pyrophosphate under standard reaction conditions (pH 8.0, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol and 50% glycerol).

Quality Control Assays

Nicking Activity: To assay for non-specific endonuclease contamination, PPase is incubated with a supercoiled plasmid substrate (φX174 DNA). A single non-specific nick in the RF I DNA converts it to the RF II form (nicked circle). Aliquots are incubated with 1 µg of RF I (supercoiled form) DNA in a reaction volume of 0.05 ml. NEBuffer 2 (10 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM MgCl₂, 50 mM NaCl, 1 mM dithiothreitol, pH 7.9 @ 25°C) is used because high salt inhibits contaminating activity. Incubations are performed for 4 hours at 75°C (under oil). The two forms are easily distinguished on a 1% agarose gel. Under these conditions, 100 units of the PPase results in < 20% conversion to RF II.

Endonuclease Activity: The PPase is incubated overnight at 75°C in NEBuffer 2 with 1 µg of Hind III fragments of λ DNA in a volume of 0.05 ml (under oil). A sharp, unaltered pattern of DNA bands under these conditions is an indication that the enzyme preparation is free of detectable levels of non-specific DNases. Under these reaction conditions, 100 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction without enzyme.

Alkaline Phosphatase Activity: This colorimetric assay tests for the presence of alkaline phosphatase which removes 5’ phosphates from DNA, RNA, rNTPs and dNTPs. Phosphatase contamination is revealed if p-nitrophenylphosphate is hydrolyzed to p-nitrophenol (yellow color). The thermostable PPase is incubated in a reaction buffer (1 ml) of 1 M diethanolamine-HCl (pH 9.8), 0.5 mM MgCl₂, and 10 mM p-nitrophenylphosphate at 75°C. Conversion of p-nitrophenylphosphate to p-nitrophenol is measured spectrophotometrically at A₄₁₀ after 30 minutes. One unit of alkaline phosphatase is defined as the amount of enzyme that hydrolyzes 1 µmol of p-nitrophenylphosphate to p-nitrophenol in 1 minute. When 100 units of PPase are incubated under the above conditions < 0.0001 unit of alkaline phosphatase activity is revealed.

dNTPase Activity: dNTPase contamination is measured as the removal of β or γ phosphates from dATP, dCTP, dGTP, or dTTP using the AAM assay (1) for inorganic phosphate. The PPase is incubated in a volume of 0.5 ml @ 75°C for 1 hour in CircumVent™ Sequencing Buffer with a mixture of dNTPs, each at 200 µM. The reaction products are analyzed on a pre-run gel. (See other side)
are analyzed by the AAM assay and compared to a standard curve of known phosphate concentrations generated in the same assay buffer. Incubation under these conditions with 500 units of PPase liberated < 0.01 µmole of inorganic phosphate from dNTPs.

**Heat Stability:** PPase is extremely thermostable, retaining > 100% activity after incubation at 100°C for 4 hours.

**Heat Inactivation:** No

**Reference:**