

pNEB206A

Sequence file available at www.neb.com.

There are no restriction sites for the following enzymes: AarI(x), Acc65I, AclI, AfeI, AfIII, Agel, AleI, Apal, AsiSI, Aval, AvrII, BaeI, BbsI, BclI, BfuAI, BglII, BlnI, BmgBI, BmtI, BsaAI, BsaBI, BsgI, BsiWI, BsmFI, BsmI, BsoBI, BspDI, BspEI, BspMI, BsrGI, BstBI, BstEII, BstXI, BstZ17I, Bsu36I, BtgI, BtgZI, ClaI, CspCI, DraIII, EagI, EcoNI, EcoRV, FseI, FspAI(x), HincII, HpaI, I-CeuI, I-SceI, KpnI, MfeI, MluI, MscI, NaeI, NcoI, NgoMIV, NheI, NotI, Nrul, NsiI, P1-PspI, P1-SceI, PaeR7I, PfiFI, PflMI, PmlI, PpuMI, PshAI, PstI, PspOMI, PspXI, RsrII, SacII, Sall, SanDI(x), SexAI, SfiI, SgrAI, SmaI, SnaBI, SpeI, SphI, SrfI(x), StuI, StyI, SwaI, TliI, TspMI, Tth111I, XcmI, XhoI, XmaI (x) = enzyme not available from NEB

pNEB206A is an *E. coli* plasmid vector designed for fast and efficient cloning of PCR products to be used in conjunction with USER Enzyme (NEB #M5505; 1). It is derived from pNEB193 containing the high-copy pUC19 origin of replication and *lacZ α* gene for screening of insertions at the cloning site using α -complementation (2).

The plasmid is supplied in a linearized form 2,706 bp in length (with bp 438-453 excised from the circular form), flanked by two noncomplementary 8-base 3' overhangs at the intended cloning site. Amplification with deoxyuridine-containing primers and subsequent treatment (as defined in the protocol "Cloning with USER Enzyme" found on our web site), results in PCR products with 5' overhangs complementary to those in pNEB206A. These products can be directionally cloned into pNEB206A at high efficiency without the use of restriction enzymes or DNA ligase, forming recombinant circular molecules.

Enzymes with unique restriction sites are shown in **bold** type, and enzymes with two restriction sites are shown in regular type. Location of sites of all NEB restriction enzymes can be found on the NEB web site (choose Technical Reference > DNA Sequences

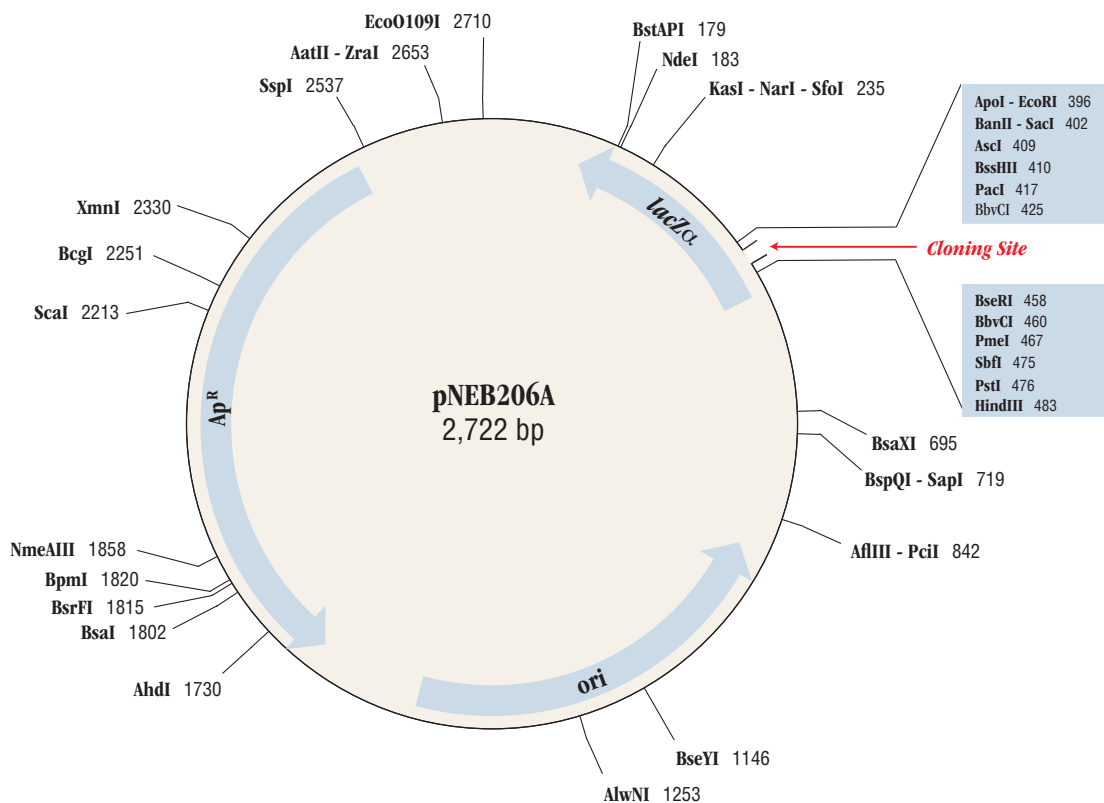
and Maps). Restriction site coordinates refer to the position of the 5'-most base on the top strand in each recognition sequence. Coordinates on the map and in the tables refer to the 2,722 bp circular plasmid prior to linearization and can be used to calculate relative distances.

Open reading frame (ORF) coordinates are in the form "translational start – translational stop"; numbers refer to positions on the top (clockwise) strand, regardless of the direction of transcription and include the start and stop codons.

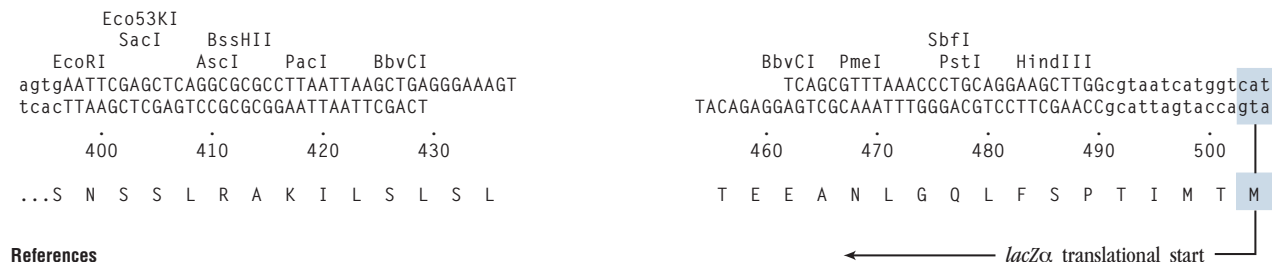
Origin of replication coordinates include the region from the -35 promoter sequence of the RNAII transcript to the RNAI/DNA switch point. *bla* (Ap^R) gene coordinates include the signal sequence. Cloning site coordinates include those bases in the circular form that are single-stranded in or missing from the supplied linear form.

Feature	Coordinates	Source
<i>lacZα</i>	505-146	–
cloning site	430-461	–
origin	1491-903	pUC19
<i>bla</i> (Ap ^R)	2522-1662	<i>Tn3</i>

ori = origin of replication
Ap = ampicillin



pNEB206A (linearized form) cloning site



References

- (1) Bitinaite, J. and Vaiskunaite, R. (2003) unpublished observations.
- (2) Yanisch-Perron, C. et al. (1985) *Gene*, 33, 103–119.